THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

The North Carolinian.

VOL III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1864. NO. 240

THE
NORTH CAROLINIAN
BY
P. J. SINCLAIR & CO.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.

Single copies 25 cents. Six months TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS. Three months, FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

One month THREE DOLLARS.

The "INTELLIGENCER," a weekly four paged newspaper, published at this Office, is mailed to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS for six months. Three months THREE DOLLARS—Strictly in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISIN

Advertisements for the CAROLINIAN will be charged THREE DOLLARS per square for each and every insertion, eight lines or less constituting a square.

Advertisements for the INTELLIGENCER will be inserted once in Daily, and charged Daily rates for that insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advance.

The Value of Money.

Value of gold issue	Value of new issue	Val. new issue	Value of old issue
1 00	66⅔	1 00	1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00	3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00	4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00	6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00	7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00	15 00
15 00	10 00	15 00	22 00
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00	30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00	37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00	52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00	60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00	67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00	75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	55 00	82 50
60 00	40 00	60 00	90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00	97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00	105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00	112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00	120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00	127 50
90 00	60 00	90 00	135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00	142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00	150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS Before 1st April, 1864, at par.

From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 66⅔
From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔
From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔
From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔
From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔
From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔
Swept away by mont'ly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

THE
REPORTER'S DICTIONARY,
BASED ON PHONOGRAPHY.

IN PRESS and shortly to be published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber, who has had nearly 20 years practice in Phonographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the United States Senate, and, who has been for the last seventeen months, and is now, reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Phonographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, of ninety-nine one-hundreths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the Introduction to the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a STANDARD for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting, to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been procured expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price of the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers, by mail, without additional expense.

A. E. MARSHALL,
dtf Augusta, Ga.

OFFICE POST QUARTERMASTER,
4th Congressional Dist., N. C.,
Fayetteville, N. C. Oct. 21.

Notice to Farmers and Tithe Agents.

THE Tithe Agents will receive the Long Forage and give receipts which the Farmers must bring in when they assess their corn.—Any Farmer who does not make 200 bushels of corn does not pay either corn or fodder from said 200 bushels. But if a person makes 200 bushels they then pay tithes on the whole amount, but the same Farmers must appear before the Assessors to make oath that they do not make more than 200 bushels.

J. M. McGOWAN,
229-2t Capt and Post Q. M.

CLAIMS
of Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

WILSON, N. C., June 20th, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bount 'arrearages of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimant or claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimants be a child or children of the deceased, and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or administratorship must be certified to, under seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in applicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non-commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early a day as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants' Post Office and County in full.

JNO. A. STANLY,
123-tf Commissioner.

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS
Throughout the Confederacy

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
RAILROAD BUREAU,
RICHMOND, Feb. 20th, 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or a any other point at which one of those Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else: and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the transportation of those packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as traveling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of there armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,
Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.

Approved.
W. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.,
AUGUSTA, GA., Feb 20, 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notify the friends and relative of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in her power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER,
Gen'l Sup't. & Acting Pres't Sou. Exp Co
may 20-tf.

H. McMILLAN
Auctioneer and
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 10-3m*

Brown Windsor Soap,
A LARGE LOT JUST RECEIVED at
229-1t No. 17, Market Square.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.
CORRECTED BY J. W. LETT.
Nov. 22, 1864.

Bacon	5 50 @ 6 00 ₩ lb
Pork	2 00 @ 2 50 ₩ lb
Lard	— — @ 5 50 ₩ lb
Beef	1 50 @ 2 00 ₩ lb
Beeswax	4 60 @ — — ₩ lb
Butter	7 00 @ 7 50 ₩ lb
Cotton	1 75 @ — — ₩ lb
Coffee	15 00 ₩ lb
Cotton Yarn	$25 @ 40 ₩ bunch.
Dried Fruit ... Apples & Peaches	75 $1 ₩ lb
Eggs	3 00 @ — — ₩ do @
Extract Logwood	$5 @ $6 ₩ lb
Flour	$225 @ 250 ₩ barrel
Flaxseed	11 50 @ 13 00 ₩ bushel
Fodder	$10 00 @ 11 00 ₩ hundred
Hay	@ 10 00 ₩ hundred.
Shucks	$10 00 ₩ hundred
Grain—Corn	$17 00 @ 18 00 ₩ bushel
Wheat	40 @ $4 5 00 ₩ bushel
Rye	17 50 @ $20 00 ₩ bushel
Oats	00 $10 00 ₩ bushel
Peas	17 50 @ 20 00 ₩ bushel
Hides—Green	2 50 @ 3 00 ₩ lb
Dry	5 50 @ 6 00 ₩ lb
Iron—Swedes	3 50 @ 4 50 ₩ lb
Leather—Upper	20 00 ₩ lb
Sole	18 00 ₩ lb
Liquors—Corn Whiskey	50 00 ₩ gallon
Apple and Peach Brandy	50 00 @ 60 ₩ gallon
Molasses	$15 20 00 ₩ gallon
Nails	3 50 @ 4 00 ₩ lb
Onions	20 00 @ 25 00 ₩ bushel
Potatoes—Irish	$— @ 15 00 ₩ bushel
Sweet	$8 00 @ 10 00 ₩ bushel
Rice	65 @ 75 ₩ lb
Sugar	10 ₩ lb
Soap	Family Bar 2 00 ₩ lb
Toilet	5 00 ₩ lb
Spirits Turpentine	3 00 ₩ gal.
Fayetteville 4-4 Sheetings	50 @ 3 25 ₩ Yard
Salt	$— 00 @ 40 ₩ bushel
Tallow	4 00 @ 4 50 ₩ lb
Wool	36 00 @ 8 00 ₩ lb

THE
ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!
ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!

THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
OF THE SOUTH!
OF THE SOUTH!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
ELEGANTLY PRINTED,
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
HAS A LARGER
HAS A LARGER
AND
MORE TALENTED
MORE TALENTED
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
AND THRILLING
AND THRILLING
WITH ROMANCES,
WITH ROMANCES,
SKETCHES,
SKETCHES,
TALES
TALES
OF
REAL
REAL
LIFE
LIFE
POETRY,
POETRY,
HISTORY,
HISTORY,
BIOGRAPHY,
BIOGRAPHY,
NOVELETTES,
NOVELETTES,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
WITICISMS MISCELLANY,
WITICISMS, MISCELLANY,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
A HOME JOURNAL FOR
THE HOUSEHOLD!
AN ORNAMENT
FOR THE PARLOR.
A SOLDIER'S
PAPER FOR
THE CAMP.
A
TRAVELLER'S
COMPANION.
PLEASANT READING
FOR EVERYBODY.
A RICH CASKET OF
POLITE SOUTHERN LITERATURE!

SUBSCRIPTION—Six months.....$10
The Trade supplied at $25 per hundred.
Address,
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oprietor, Raleigh, N. C.
Jun

Wanted.
200,000 FEET OF 1½ & 1 INCH LUMBER, 12 inch. wide.
Apply CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association. 1864

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia

FROM GEORGIA.

RAID ON THE CENTRAL ROAD—SHERMAN MARCHING TOWARDS AUGUSTA!!

AUGUSTA, Nov. 21.—A raiding party of the enemy tapped the Central road at Griswaldville at 3 o'clock on Sunday afternoon. A lumber train was captured and destroyed. Nothing else known except that firing was heard a few hours afterward.

The movement of Sherman upon Macon was simply a feint for the purpose of concentrating our forces. Their raid upon the central railroad is for the purpose of keeping them there, while the whole force of the enemy moves upon and captures Augusta or Savannah. Sherman did not advance his infantry further down the Macon and Western railroad than Griffin, but his cavalry came as far as Barnesville. He has crossed the Ocorrie with his infantry and this line is near Indian Springs. The whole force of the enemy is moving in this direction. The advance was 4 miles from Union Point at 11 o'clock, a. m.

CONGRESSIONAL.

RICHMOND, Nov. 21st.—In the Senate Mr Semmes introduced a resolution declaring that the quantity, quality and value of articles delivered as tax in kind are to be ascertained, in case of disagreement between the tax payers and assessors, by disinterested referees. After a protracted debate, the further consideration of the resolution was postponed until to-morrow.

The House adopted a resolution re-affirming the declaration of last session, of the unalterable determination of the people of the Confederate States, to never upon any terms have any affiliation, political or otherwise, with the people engaged in an invasion of our soil, and the butchery of our citizens.

A bill was introduced to organize a corps *detite*, composed of officers without command.

RICHMOND, Nov. 22.—In the Senate, Mr. Henry, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill increasing the compensation of free negroes employed in the army and authorizing the impressment of 40,000 slaves. The bill was placed on the calendar.

A message was received from the President in response to the resolution of Mr. Maxwell, stating that no State of the United States had intimated a willingness, directly or indirectly, to enter into convention for the cessation of hostilities or any other purpose.

The House passed the Senate bill authorizing the exchange of 6 per cent coupon bonds for seven-thirties notes. Also adopted a resolution of thanks to Gen'l Forrest, officers and men, for the victories recently gained.

Nothing further of interest in open session.

NORTHERN NEWS.

RICHMOND, Nov 21st.—The Philadelphia "Inquirer" says there was great excitement in Memphis on the 18th, in consequence of the report that Beauregard was marching against the city with a large force from Corinth.

The Chicago Journal says a furloughed officer of Sherman's staff states he has been ordered, when his leave expires, to return to his command at Savannah.

The Louisville Journal, of the 16th, says Thomas is at Pulaski, with the 4th and 23d army corps, and heavy details from other corps.

Gold 216½.

RICHMOND, Nov. 21.—The Baltimore American says Grant, accompanied by a portion of his staff, arrived at Baltimore on Friday, on his way to Burlington, on a brief visit to his family.

The same paper says the blockading fleet will soon be largely increased and rendered so strong that it will be impossible for vessels to run through them.

RICHMOND, Nov. 22.—The Washington Chronicle 20th received; it contains nothing of interest except admission of defeat in East Tennessee, and the proclamation of Lincoln raising the blockade of Norfolk, Fernadiana and Pensacola.

Gold closed on Saturday, in New York, 220.

A REPORTED FIGHT!

BRISTOL, Nov 21.—A reported fight at Strawberry Plains to-day, and 300 negroes killed. No official news.

NORTHERN PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

The following are the majorities according to the latest accounts:

	Lincoln.	McClellan.
Maine,	18 000	...
N. Hampshire,	2 000	....
Vermont,	20 000	....
Massachusetts,	70 000	...
Rhode Island,	5 961	...
Connecticut,	2 841	...
New York,	9 000	....
New Jersey,	.....	6 500
Pennsylvania,	15 000	...
Delaware,	.....	450
Maryland,	7 000	....
Kentucky,	.....	25 000
West Virginia	2 000	....
Ohio,	30 000	....
Michigan,	10 000	....
Indiana,	25 000	....
Illinois,	34 000	....
Wisconsin,	10 000	....
Minnesota,	5 000	....
Iowa,	25 000	....
Missouri,	5 000	....
Kansas,	10 000	....
Nevada,	2 000	....
California,	25 000	....
Oregon,	2 000	....
Total, 24 States	334 356	31 950

Kansas must be reckoned as wholly for Mr. Lincoln, the McClellan electoral ticket having been either withdrawn or very feebly supported. We place it at the moderate majority of 10,000. Tennessee we have not reckoned. The whole majority of Mr. Lincoln will be about 350,000, or about 200,000 over his majority in 1860.

Florence and Fayetteville
RAIL ROAD.

Stockeolders Meeting.

A SUFFICIENT amount having been subscribed to authorize the organization of the above named Company, a meeting of the Stockholders is hereby called to meet in Fayetteville, on Thursday the 15th day of December next for the purpose of electing a President and Directors of said Company, and for the transactions of such other business as may come before the Stockholders. The Books of subscription are still open. This is an important road to this community and to the country generally. We hope every man will feel the importance of doing what he can to secure the speedy completion of this road.

WM. McL. McKAY,
JNO. M. ROSE,
A. A. McKETHAN,
D. A. RAY,
A. W. STEEL,
Committee.

Fayetteville, N. C. Nov. 15, 1864. tm.

PLANTATION
With Crop, Stock, Wagons, Mules, &c., thereon, late Major John T. Gilmore's, to be sold at Public Auction.

THE above property will be offered for sale on the premises on Tuesday the 29th of November 1864. The Land is in one body, and contains 485 acres nearly all of which is valuable Swamp Land, there being 80 acres well drained, cleared and under cultivation, yielding the best crops of any land in this section of the State. There is also about 200 acres of Swamp Land equally as good as that under cultivation, to be cleared, which may be easily drained, (some of which is already ditched and partly cleared;) the remainder is used for pastures and wood land. The houses and buildings are at a convenient distance from the farming lands above described, on a healthy, high and dry part of the tract, with good water. The buildings are in good repair, including a comfortable dwelling house, convenient and well arranged negro houses; good fences, stables, barn, cribs, lots, guardens, &c. The plantation is 14 miles from Fayetteville, on the East side of the Cape Fear River, about one and a half miles from the River, and embraces what is known as Alligator Swamp, adjoins Johnson and others, and is not very far from the mouth of Cedar Creek and the residence of Mr. J. C. Blocker.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale, the following personal property:

1500 to 2000 bushels of Corn;
The crop of Fodder, Shucks, Peas, &c;
Stock of Cattle, Hogs, Goats, &c;
4 Valuable Mules;
One Sorrel Mare;
One Jennet;
One 4 Horse Wagon; one Timber Cart; with all the Farming Tools and other articles on the premises.

Terms will be made known before sale.

A. J. BYRNE,
A. McLEAN,
E. F. MOORE,
Ex'rs.

Fayetteville, N. C., 222 ts

WALTER WATSON,
GUN, PISTOL MAKER AND
Machinist.
Guns and Pistols made and Repaired with Dispatch.

MEMBERS of Reserves and Home Guards can have their arms repaired at half price. All kinds of Machine work done.

Hay Mount, Fayetteville, N. C., opposite the residence of E. J. Hale, Esq.

☞ Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, Editor.

Office, No. 17 Market Square,

☞ All Marriages, Obitnary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, o whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., NOV. 23, 1864.

☞ Our Subscribers in town will confer a *special favor*, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

Particular Attention is Called to the Following.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. *All* subscriptions must be *paid in advance*. Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, in *every instance*, the above rule will be adhered to *Collections made every Monday*.

Notice.—C. C. McCrummin, Esq., is our authorized agent to receive moneys and receipt for us in all business matters connected with this office, which relates to subscription and advertising.

The movement of Gen. Sherman in Georgia has caused quite a commotion, and many fears have been anticipated from its results.

We do not see any reason for the entertainment of apprehension. The movement is known to Gen Beauregard—and he will have taken every precaution to prevent any disastrous issue.

In attempting to penetrate either to Savannah, Mobile, or Charleston, the enemy must march over two hundred miles—must forage on our country—and be dependant on an enemy for those supplies necessary to his provisioning the troops under his command.

This, it is impossible to do successfully. The country through which he passes will have been stripped of everything in the forage and provision line, by our own army in whose rear this section has been, and from which its supplies have been mostly drawn.

Gen. Hood can send Forrest and Wheeler to harrass him—while he pushes his column into Middle Tennessee, and each day comes a stage nearer to the banks of the Ohio. But even if Gen. Sherman is successful—his movement is only a *dernier resort* to save his army. They could not escape by Chattanooga, and he grows desperate in the endeavor to save himself from complete destruction.

The Chicago "Journal," of the 11th November, gives the following as "a positive statement that Sherman is going to the Atlantic Coast:"

The movement was decided on several weeks ago, and kept admirably well concealed from the public and from gossip. General Sherman knows what he is about, and has taken his own method of making it knewn to the rebels themselves. He furnishes a quaint and significant hint to the Sanitary Commission at St. Louis, as elsewhere given. Our suffering boys in blue will be glad to see him at Andersonville, which he can reach by sending a column a little northward of his main line of march across South Carolina. It will be safe to await the forthcoming rebel howl before seeking to decide positively at what point Sherman aims, but beyond all question he is on his way to the Atlantic coast, and will exchange signals with Admiral Porter off the coast in due time The distance from Atlanta to Charleston, as a bird flies, is nearly two hundred and fifty miles, and to Savannah a little over two hundred miles. Intermediate stations may possibly be "made" at Augusta and Milledgeville, both important points to the rebels.

Accident.—We learn that a Mr. Sullivan, of this place, was run over and instantly killed, on yesterday evening, in the eastern part of the town, by the coal train. We have not learned the particulars, but understand the body was horribly mangled.

Policemen and the Conscription.—A few days since the policemen of Selma, Alabama, were taken by the enrolling officer, and sued out a writ of habeas corpus, which resulted in the discharge of the City Marshal—the head of the force. The privates, however, were remanded back to the enrolling officer.—Governor Watts then certified to all of those as State officers, and they were all exempted.

FROM THE GEORGIA FRONT.

The Macon Telegraph speaks thus of matters at the front:

We have reliable information to the effect that the Yankees are advancing from Atlanta, in this direction in two columns, one on the McDonough road and the other by Jonesboro'. Our forces are at Griffin. More than this we deem it imprudent at present to state.

A gentleman who left Forsyth, Thursday at three o'clock, informs us that a courier arrived at that place about half an hour before he left, and reported that there was some Yankee cavalry eight miles north of the town. All the bridges on the road from Forsyth to Indian Springs were burned by our forces.

The Hospitals at LaGrange have been ordered to Mississippi.

The Intelligencer publishes the annexed news about affairs.

The latest reliable intelligence from the front in Georgia, we have received from a gentleman who left Griffin Wednesday night at ten o'clock. General Wheeler fought the enemy who was advancing with a force estimated at from twenty five to thirty thousand, in two columns, one on the McDonough and the other on the Jonesboro' road—at Bear Creek, ten miles above Griffin, until late in the evening, when he fell back to Griffin, and was passing through that city on its right, when our informant left. Our infantry forces were falling back to Barnesville.

It is probable, at the time we write, that Sherman occupies Griffin and will rapidly demonstrate upon Macon and perhaps Milledgeville

It is reported that Sherman has applied the torch to a large portion of Atlanta, and has burnt Jonesboro', also McDonough. It is also reported that he has destroyed the Railroad from Atlanta to the Chattahoochee and burnt the bridge at the river on that Road.

We learn from a reliable source that Governor Brown's residence in Canton, Cherokee county, embracing his commodious dwelling house, kitchen, outhouses, &c., together with his office building, were all burnt to the ground by the vandal for a few days ago The officer in command of the vandals who were sent to execute the work they so ruthlessly and successfully performed, allowed the family who were living on the premises at the time, only fifteen minutes to remove their furniture from the house and all that was not removed within that time was devoured by the flames. The same party burnt the Court House, Jail, Academy, both the Hotels, and about two thirds of the best dwelling and business houses in Canton. A force of some three or four thousand of the vandals were within a mile or two of the town, while some seventy of the band were sent into the town under an officer with orders to burn the house of Governor Brown, the public buildings, and the houses of all who have been prominent Southern men.

It is now evident that Sherman has inaugurated a winter campaign and that Georgia is the field which he designs to desolate. A terrible crisis is therefore upon us. Every man in the State able to bear arms should rally to the rescue In the hands of the military authorities, however, the defence of the State is left. We have no suggestion to make. What we have long looked for, is come at last. We have no censures now to pass upon any one, while we would urge upon every man in the State the necessity of doing what patriotism and duty require of him.

A Rich Story Current.—The "Tribune" has the following:

There is a rich story current, whereof the substance is as follows:

The rebel States, by secret preconcert, had their Legislatures in session, on the 8th inst., and each of them chose its quota of Presidential Electors, as though they had never assumed to secede from the Union. These electors, in case their aggregate vote would suffice to give McClellan a majority over Lincoln, were to assemble on the first Wednesday in December, and formally cast their votes for McClellean and Pendleton, sending them on to Washington, in due form, and backing them by delegations to either House, should they be deemed essential. Then, when the day arrived for officially counting the votes and declaring the result, the entire Opposition, of all shades, was to insist that McClellan and Pendleton were duly elected, and, if this were not conceded, break up the session in a row, and inaugurate a civil war from one end of the country to the other, the present rebellion merging itself in the newer and more formidable, Jeff. Davis, Lee and Beauregard becoming alike lieutenants of McClellan!

Panic in a Hospital.—A letter from Columbia, Tennessee, gives an account of a fright which some Yankees got who had occupied a church as a hospital:

"Our churches are hospitals, and we live in continual fear of having to vacate private dwellings. A few days since, quite a panic occurred at the Episcopal Church Hospital There had been eight deaths in about forty-eight hours, and at midnight, while the eighth man was giving up the ghost, out rushed all the patients into the street, declaring it 'a judgment from the Lord for desecrating His house!' and neither love nor money could bring them back."

CONFEDERATE CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Friday, Nov. 18, 1864.

Mr. Garland, of Arkansas, introduced a bill to so amend the law establishing the judicial courts of the Confederate States army as to allow parties twelve months after the organization of the Supreme Court of the Confederate States within which to bring writs of error. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. Orr of South Carolina, two hundred copies of the report of the Secretary of the Treasury were ordered to be printed for the use of the Senate.

Mr. Sparrow, of Louisiana, introduced a bill to amend the act providing for the establishment and payment of claims for certain description of property taken or informally impressed for the use of the army. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Barnwell, of South Carolina, presented the petition of bakers and others praying that owners of registered bonds of the fifteen million loan be authorized to exchange the same for coupon bonds.—Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Henry, of Tennessee, offered joint resolutions defining the position of the Confederate States and declaring the determination of the Congress and the people thereof to prosecute the war till their independence is acknowledged. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Brown of Mississippi, offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the Military Committee to inquire whether military officers in command of departments have authority to impress negroes, wagons, &c., for repairing railroads belonging to private companies; and if not what legislation is necessary to restrain them within reasonable and proper limits.

Mr. Orr, of S. Carolina, offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the Committee on Foreign Affairs to report the facts, so far as they can be obtained, relative to the seizure and capture of the Confederate steamer Florida in the bay of Bahia, Brazil, and what action should be taken by this Government to redress the outrage.

Mr. Barnwell, from Finance Committee, reported back the bill fixing the salaries of certain civil officers in the Trans Mississippi Department. Passed.

The bill extending the time within which old issue from the 1st of January next to the 1st of August next was reported back from the Finance Committee with amendments and was passed. It, as amended and passed, extends the time of exchange to the 1st of July, 1865, on both sides of the Mississippi.

The bill to extend to postmasters the provisions of the law relative to the receipt of counterfeit money by Government officers was reported on the Finance Committee with amendments, and as amended passed.

On motion, the Senate resolved into secret session; and the doors being re opened, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Several bills and resolutions were introduced relative to the payment of property informally impressed.

Mr. Staples, of Virginia, introduced a resolution of inquiry in relation to amending the act concerning the pay of staff officers so as to make its operations prospective Adopted.

Mr Baldwin, of Virginia, introduced a resolution that the President inform the House by what authority the Secretary of War is impressing slaves, in Virginia, without regard to State laws. Adopted. Also, a resolution that the President transmit to the House copies of the reports of the operations of General Joseph E. Johnston as summer Adopted.

Mr. McMullen, of Virginia, introduced a resolution of inquiry as to the expediency of equalizing the taxation on cotton and wood

Mr. Goode, of Virginia, introduced a resolution calling upon the President for information, in detail, and orders issued for the impressment of brandies, &c.—Adopted.

Mr. Clark, of Missouri, introduced a bill for the relief of Confederate prisoners in the custody of the enemy Referred.

Mr. J. T. Leach of North Carolina, introduced a joint resolution declaring that secret sessions are incompatible with a republican form of government, and that Congress ought never go into secret session except when absolutely necessary.

On motion of Mr. Russell, the House resolved itself into secret session.

Reliable News from up the Road.—A gentleman who arrived on Tuesday evening from Stone Mountain reports that the Yankee column moving down the Georgia Railroad, divided at Decatur, one half going down the Covington road and the other the Rockbridge road. At Stone Mountain they burned all the unoccupied houses, comprising some two-thirds of the town, and were laying waste the country as they progressed. They march in hollow squares, their trains in centre. They united at Baker's Mill, near Covington, and it was not known whether they would strike for Eatonton or Athens.

This gentleman says that the view from the summit of Stone Mountain of the conflagration of Atlanta was awful beyond description. The Gate City was "an ocean of flame" as the fiery waves rose and fell throughout its whole extent.

Passengers on the Georgia Railroad last night reported that about one hundred Federal cavalry made their appearance at Social Circle on Thursday and burned the Railroad platform It is not believed that they have come down any farther than the Circle.

Their infantry encamped at or near Old Sheffields on Wednesday night, and from their movements it is thought they are en route to Eatonton.

It is also reported that they have burned Monticello and Hillsboro, which if true, indicates clearly that they design tapping the Central Railroad at Gordon, or some other point.

The passenger train on the Georgia Road yesterday, only came from Union Point.—*Augusta Sentinel.*

FROM THE FRONT.

On Wednesday night Gen. Pickett captured the enemy's picket line in front of Hunton's and Stewart's Brigades, taking one colonel, two captains, two lieutenants and one hundred and fourteen enlisted men prisoners, besides killing and wounding a number of Yankees. Gen. Pickett's loss was only one man killed and nine wounded. The affair was complete, and most gallantly executed. The enemy left a number of his dead and wounded on the field, being unable, in the confusion of his discomfiture, to bear them away. General Pickett still holds the captured lines and has strengthened them considerably. The prisoners were sent over to Richmond yesterday morning, and are now meditating upon the fortunes of war in the seclusion of Belle Isle.

No authentic information has yet been received that Sheridan has reinforced Grant. As late as the 14th instant, that General and his command were in the Valley. It is thought, however, that the two armies will eventually unite, and that in time to close the fall campaign with a final herculean effort to capture Richmond and Petersburg.

Yesterday the enemy manifested considerable activity in front of our right, but no movements were developed. It is not improbable that an advance will be made in that quarter at an early day, all the signs evidently favoring a forward movement, and that soon.

Intelligence reached us that the Yankee army at this end of the lines, has received marching orders, and that rations have been issued in view of the event. Whether this information be correct or false, is not for us to say, but we are convinced there is some foundation for it. The constant cheering on the Yankee left during the past two days, has not been without cause. We believe Grant and the superior officers of the army, have promised the men that they shall winter in Richmond and Petersburg if they make one more decided and determined effort. This effort will be made before the last leaves of autumn have fallen to the earth.

We await the issue calmly and with confidence. The noble and invincible old Army of Northern Virginia awaits, and invites it. They will tell a tale beside which the records of the Wilderness, Spotsylvania Courthouse and Cold Harbor will pale, before Grant shall be allowed to accomplish his designs on the two fairest and most important cities of the South.

The enemy had made the last two or three nights hideous with the noise of his drums and fifes. They have kept up an incessant beating and blowing from early night till early morning, the like of which has not before been heard since their arrival in front of Petersburg. It is all done, doubtless, to cover the movements of troops in the rear of the lines.

Some eight or ten deserters were received yesterday, and a like number on the day before. They report great activity inside Grant's lines, and express the opinion that the quiet of the past few weeks will ere long be broken by the harsh din of battle.—*Petersburg Express.*

Correspondence of the Carolinian.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 19th, 1864.

Mr. Editor:—Indisposition of a malignant type has prevented me from penning any item of news for the *Carolinian*, in some time. Your readers have lost nothing by it, as quiet has continued to reign supreme in this quarter of the Confederacy despite Farrgut, Porter and a host of lesser lights that were to take possession of the place "next week."

The news all summed up will not fill a nut shell. General Bragg has assumed command of this Department. A native son of the North State, one of her brightest stars, we may rest assured that the place is in safe hands.

The latest news from Georgia represents General Sherman's forces equidistant from Griffin and Macon, marching on the latter place. As he moves along, Gen. Wheeler strikes him heavy blows in front, flank and rear.

This was the situation there this A. M. Where his army is bound for, or what will be its fate, a few days will develope. Blinded by his former successes, he may rush on in his wild career until he finds himself entrapped with no possible chance for escape May this be the result of his arrogant ambition for self-aggrandizement.

G. C. Mc.

Beast Butler's Plan of Peace.—Ge. Butler in a speech at New York, Monday evening, after expatiating upon Lincoln's re election, said:

"He thought that our Government might now proffer the olive branch to the rebels, tendering them liberal and even generous terms of adjustment in case of their return to the Union, and giving them a reasonable time—say, till the 8th of January next—to signify their acquiescence; if they hold out, then he would favor a most energetic and unsparing prosecution of the war, to the end that the obstinately disloyal should be driven to Mexico or elsewhere—at all events, out of the country—and their estates divided among the Union soldiers who had contributed to their overthrow."

Yankee Deserters.—A large number of Federal deserters, desiring to avail themselves of the advantages afforded under the provisions of "Order No. 65," came into our lines yesterday and were consigned to Castle Thunder to await their turn to be forwarded home.

One hundred and odd deserters were sent off yesterday, under Confederate escort, in conformity with said order.

Dispatch.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONCERT.

FOR THE benefit of THE CUMBERLAND HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION. The young Ladies and Gentleman will give a Vocal and Sentimental Concert to-night (Wednesday,) at Fayetteville Hall.

Tickets For Sale at the Book and Drug Stores. Nov. 23-1t

MATCHES,
FLOUR,
SALT,
PENCILS.

SMOKING & CHEWING TOBACCO, &c. For Sale at
ISAAC HOLLINGSWORTH'S.
248-3t

WANTED.

THE UNDERSIGNED will pay the highest market price for

GOLD AND SILVER.

Also, for 4 PER CENT. CERTIFICATES.
Apply soon to
247-tf E. L. PEMBERTON.

FAYETTEVILLE NORTH CAROLINA.

MILITARY ACADEMY.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence 1st of February, 1865.

Applications for admission must be made prior to the 1st January, 1865, about which time the terms will be made known.

Also, wanted two Teachers of military education, and a Steward in this institution. Address Maj. WM. A BANKS,
233-tf Superintendant.

AUCTION SALES,
By H. McMillan, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold in front of my Store on the 1st day of December, the following lots of fine CHEWING TOBACCO:
100 Boxes McCulloch & Grey.
100 " Peach and Honey.
100 " Signet.
Samples shown at any time. Sale positive.
—ALSO—
At the same time and place.
2 Bbls P. R. Sugar.
2 Bales 4 4 Sheeting, and sundry other articles 245-ts

DESIRABLE DWELLING FOR RENT AT AUCTION,
H. McMILLAN, Auctioneer.

I WILL rent from my store door on Thursday 1st December, a large and convenient Dwelling House, containing 7 rooms and 6 fire places. The yard is large, containing all necessary outhouses and a well of excellent water, with good garden attached; houses and everything connected with the establishment new and in good repair. This Dwelling from its location, (Haymount,) and conveniences is rendered one of the most desirable in the vicinity of Fayetteville. Possession given first of January. 245-tlD

Further Notice of the Sale of the Plantation,
STOCK, CROP, &c, OF THE LATE
Maj. Jno. T. Gilmore.

THE sale will take place, according to the advertisement heretofore published, at the Plantation on the East side of Cape Fear River, about 14 miles from the town of Fayetteville, on TUESDAY the 29th November 1864.

TERMS.

The Plantation will be sold according to the requirements of the Will on one or two years' credit, for notes bearing interest.

The Stock, Crop, &c., will be sold on six months' credit, interest from date, with privilege to the purchasers to pay cash or give notes.

A. J. BYRNE,
A. McLEAN,
E. F. MOORE,
} Ex'rs.
W. DRAUGHON, Auct'r.

245-t29N

LOST.

ONE CERTIFICATE, dated March 17th 1864, No. 864. Any person finding the above will be suitably rewarded by leaving it with HENRY KING.
243-6t Clinton, N. C.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature of North Caaolina, at its next session, to incorporate the "Fayetteville, N. C., Iron Works."
239-d1t-w1t*

Wanted to Hire

IMMEDIATELY, a good COOK; also a CHAMBERMAID. Apply to
236-tf REUBEN JONES.